

Prices and Prospects.

Coke Market Quiets Down But Without Loss of Any Of Its Inherent Strength

Export Price Ranges \$7.25 to \$7.50; Spot Is Same With \$7.50 Asking Figure.

ONE THIRD QUARTER SALE

Made at \$7.50, an Advance of 25c Over Second Quarter Covered by Same Contract; Pittsburgh Coal Is Recalling; Ore Up 50c, Iron Going.

Special to The Weekly Courier.
PITTSBURGH, March 28.—The coke market has been quieting down in the past week after the recent exciting events. The second quarter contract business appears to have been completed, while a few days have elapsed without any export inquiry developing.

The coke market has not lost any of its inherent strength, but it has failed to develop strength expected a week ago, when operators were talking of prices that were expected rather than realized. There had been export business at \$7.25, with \$7.50 occasionally paid to round out cargoes, and some operators seized upon this \$7.50 as the minimum, thereupon calling the market \$7.50 to \$7.75. While a few sales may have been made at about \$7.50, there was nothing like a general movement, and the spot market is now quotable at \$7.25 to \$7.50. While this is a decline on paper it represents a higher level than obtained at the end of February, when the second quarter contracting movement began. The spot market then stood at \$7.00 to \$7.25.

Later last week the largest independent steel interest in the Pittsburgh district bought a round lot of spot coke, on account of a small accident at the coke plant, and withdrew from the market. This week there has been practically no inquiry for spot coke from America. A number of operators have been offering coke, with an asking price of \$7.50, but having the trade in no doubt that a furnace bidding \$7.25 could secure moderate sized tonnages at least.

Fouduy coke has been showing rather wide range in price, instead of settling down to a definite level. For several weeks the spot market has been quotable at \$7.25 to \$7.50, to cover the great bulk of the transactions, but there have been occasional sales at outside this range, both at \$8.00 and at \$9.00. It is largely a question of brand, which does not always mean a question of quality, since there are some consumers who insist on getting certain brands when there are other brands in the market just as good, only the consumer is not loath to pay the premium for actual experience.

An interesting fact, withheld at the time, may now be stated. That is, that one of the second quarter coke contracts made recently carried with it an equal tonnage of third quarter coke, prices being respectively \$7.25 for second quarter and \$7.50 for third quarter. The tonnage was enough to take care of the third quarter.

Thus the fact is that the initial sale of third quarter coke has already been made, although the general buying movement has not begun and may not begin for some time still. While there may be various theories as to what price coke ought to sell at for third quarter, the fact is that a transaction has gone through at \$7.50, while the average of all second quarter coke was not far from \$7.00. The last second quarter transaction reported, however, was at approximately \$7.50. Thus there is circumstantial evidence that the coke market is now quotable at \$7.50, in the basis of actual sales. The market as a whole stands as follows:

Spot furnace \$7.25 to \$7.50
Contract furnace \$7.50 to \$7.75
Spot country \$7.25 to \$7.50

The Pittsburgh district coal market has had quite a decline in the past week. While industrial consumption is heavy there is very little demand on the open market. It is said that for the recent export demand some mines in the district would have had to close ere this. Steam coal in spot lots has been generally available at \$2.00, with gas coal at \$2.75 to \$3.00, representing its recent differential above steam grade. The district has been running under the Garfield scale of Feb. 1919, formulated to settle the strike of November 1, 1919, and this scale runs to April 1, 1924. Under the Garfield scale coal has averaged much above \$2.00, but under the market has been lower, in June, 1921, at about \$1.55, and in the first part of March, 1922, at about \$1.90. In general, \$2.00 is held by operators to be below cost, even with a moderately full operation. If so it is much below cost now, as the Geological Survey weekly reports have been showing the vast mine production of the Pittsburgh district for a couple months past to have been running at around 31 per cent of the total rated capacity of the mines.

Lake Superior iron ore prices have been developed for the 1923 season at the expected advance of 50 cents over last season's prices, thus restoring the 1921 schedule. The event has no influence on the pig iron market, as

COKE FREIGHT RATES.

The freight rates on coke from the Connellsville district, which includes what is ordinarily known as the Connellsville region (sometimes called the basin district) and the Lower Connellsville district (often called the Kiondike and sometimes the Massontown district) to principal points for shipment are as follows per ton of 2,000 pounds, effective July 1, 1922:

Destination	Rate
Baltimore	\$2.21
Buffalo	2.28
Campan	2.52
Chicago	2.52
Cleveland	2.77
Columbus	2.77
Detroit	2.85
E. St. Louis	4.54
Evansville	2.77
Harrisburg	2.90
Johnstown	2.90
Louisville	4.18
Milwaukee	4.78
New York	4.78
Philadelphia	2.52
Pittsburgh	1.51
Port Henry, N. Y.	4.54
Port Maitland, Ont.	2.52
Pottsville	2.28
Reading	2.28
Richmond, Va. (S. O. R.)	4.54
Richmond, Va. (P. R. R.)	4.79
South Bethlehem	3.83
Swedeland, Pa.	3.52
Toledo, O.	2.85
Wheeling	2.27
Valley Points	2.27

From Connellsville district:
Philadelphia (P. O. B. vessel) \$3.52
Baltimore (P. O. B. vessel) 3.52
From Latrobe district:
Philadelphia (P. O. B. vessel) 3.52
Baltimore (P. O. B. vessel) 3.52

It was fully expected, the advance being indeed based on the advance the pig iron market had already experienced.

At last report basic and foundry iron in the Valley market were on the verge of advancing from \$30 to \$31, furnace, and the advance has since been fully established, Bessemer remaining at \$31. Furnaces have been practicing further advances, in \$2 or \$3, before the movement should end, but demand has been slight in the last few days. The market is quotable as follows:

Bessemer	\$31.00
Basic	\$31.00
Foundry	\$31.00
Mild steel	\$31.00

These prices are f. o. b. Valley furnaces, freight to Pittsburgh being \$1.77.

STEEL TURN OVER SHOWS DECREASE; OUTPUT RATE HIGH

Almost Equal to the Best Touched in War Time, and above that in Month of March, 1920.

Special to The Weekly Courier.
NEW YORK, March 28.—The American Metal Market and Daily Iron & Steel Report will review the steel and iron trade tomorrow as follows:

The turnover in finished steel products in the open market has continued to decrease. The full range of market prices shows a wide spread. The great bulk of the sales are at higher prices in the general spread, the lower prices having become largely nominal, either because the mills holding them officially refuse to sell at them or because the delivery involved is too late to interest buyers. There are many sales of bars and shaped steel above \$200, while sales of black steel are more common towards the \$180 than they were a few weeks ago. The price of 3,600, at which some mills covered customers for second quarter. Steel production continues at a very high rate, nearly, if not equal to the best rate touched during the war, and above the rate of March, 1920, hitherto the post-war high rate. The common view is that the heavy deliveries of steel are telling upon the market, but that the market has not lost its edge, as consumers are paying in mills to make heavier deliveries on old orders, while some are paying very substantial delivery premiums. The scrap market has perhaps reached its top, but it usually turns upwards or downwards some time before the finished steel market.

As has been expected for a couple months past, Lake Superior ore prices for the 1923 season are 50 cents up, the 1922 schedule. The initial sales, developed in the market, occurred in Cleveland last Saturday. The advance is predicted upon the advance in pig iron, our composite showing over \$5 rise in pig iron in general since the turning point at the middle of last December. The pig iron markets are strong this week but in general, are less active.

The plate has sold in fair size tonnages at \$6.00. Large consumers are more or less covered for the half year at \$7.75, but the outlook is that there will not be enough in plate to go around.

Wharton Furnace to Blow In.
The second stack of the Republic Steel Company at Wharton, N. J., has been blown in April 1. The Oxford stack is being prepared for operation.

Review of the Connellsville Coke Trade.

Statistical Summary.

PRODUCTION	WEEK ENDING MARCH 24, 1923.	WEEK ENDING MARCH 10, 1923.
DISTRICT	Ovens In Out Tons	Ovens In Out Tons
Connellsville	13,220 13,226 4,994 153,020	12,961 12,961 3,257 151,750
Lower Connellsville	16,559 11,153 5,670 186,490	16,553 10,840 6,013 183,400
Totals	29,779 24,400 10,664 339,510	29,514 23,801 11,270 335,150
FURNACE OVENS		
Connellsville	14,986 10,443 1,535 121,200	14,986 10,203 4,783 119,400
Lower Connellsville	6,588 3,490 2,086 44,280	6,586 3,124 3,162 44,910
Totals	21,574 13,933 3,621 165,480	21,572 13,327 7,945 164,310
MERCHANT OVENS		
Connellsville	2,254 2,778 456 22,120	2,252 2,755 474 22,380
Lower Connellsville	10,267 7,673 2,574 92,370	10,267 7,416 2,861 89,090
Totals	12,521 10,451 3,030 114,490	12,519 10,171 3,325 111,470

INVESTIGATION OF LABOR SITUATION AT SOMERSET CO. MINES

Coal Commission Assigns the
Job to Ex-Vice President
Marshall.

EXPERTS NOW IN FIELD

To Collect Authentic Information as
First-Hand; Commission Alone Will
Pass Upon the Facts as to Conditions
and Allegations Made.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—As part of the program of the United States Coal Commission to make an inquiry into the cause of strikes in the coal mining industry, and to ascertain if, when, where and by whom there have been violations of the civil rights of American citizens as has been alleged during the course of every prolonged or stubborn strike, an investigation is now in progress in Somerset county and also in the anthracite field. Into each of these fields special representatives of the commission, who are expert investigators, have been sent with instructions to obtain authentic information through conferences and interviews with mine operating officials and representatives of the employees, rather than requiring operators and miners to submit data in written form.

To Commissioner Marshall has been assigned the direction of the collection of information relating to the Somerset county field. It is no part of his function as director of the investigation to express any opinion as to conditions that may be found to exist, violations of the law, if any, or otherwise, as have been alleged. Under his direction the facts will be ascertained and submitted to what is the law and whether it has been violated, and, if possible or advisable, fix the responsibility.

Touching the strike investigations in general, Commissioner Marshall gave out an interview in which he said:

"It is the hope of the commission that it can, before it concludes its investigation, settle definitely the satisfaction of the parties who are the real rights of American citizens and to bend its endeavors to get acknowledgment of those rights and a public pledge of obedience to the law and the preservation of those rights in the future."

Of the Somerset county situation in particular he said:

"Now, there is a conflict in Somerset county, Pennsylvania. We have men out investigating those questions for us. We are going to have a man in that field as in every other field. If trouble breaks out there and if we can find out who is responsible for it we will have to say so. But it is our hope that, even if these troubles occur, that there will be found on both sides of the controversy a genuine disposition to forego any further interference with the lawfully constituted courts and not to join in efforts to punish anyone who resorts to force to obtain his rights."

"Now is a good time to put the soft pedal on hate and to allow the exercise of brotherhood, conciliation and compromise to be practiced. And I am hoping that other businesses in America under suspicion at the hands of the American people will take warning from the necessity of the coal industry and investigate themselves, and determine in accordance with their conscience, whether there has been a square deal to all departments of business."

"Investigations are regretful. It is unfortunate that they had to be. One does not glory in the wealth and progress of America. No right think-

ing man is jealous of the success of his neighbor. I think the whole world will hold in veneration the ragged continental long after it has forgotten either the rich or poor profleer. It is a good thing to make money in America and it is a good thing to make big wages in America, but the finest thing in all America is to propagate the quality of democracy. "The wrongs which wrong with the coal industry. But it is not for me to express an opinion as to where the wrong started, whether one side is entirely responsible or the other, or whether it is a joint wrong which, in a spirit of conciliation, may be prevented in the future."

STATE INDUSTRY COURT PROPOSED TODAY IN HOUSE

Would Be Set Up at Harrisburg
to Adjust Disputes in
Labor.

MINING IS INCLUDED

HARRISBURG, March 27.—Effort for the creation of a "court of industrial relations" to consist of three judges to be appointed by the governor is contained in a bill introduced in the House today by Representative Parkinson, Greene.

The court would be given jurisdiction over mining industries, those engaged in manufacture of food or clothing, transportation of food or clothing, and the manufacture of clothing and would have power to investigate controversies arising between employers and workers or between groups of workers in the industries. Its powers would apply to wages, working and living conditions, the conduct of the industries.

Terms of the judges would be three years and their salaries \$5,000 each. The court would be located in Harrisburg.

FAYETTE OPERATOR OPPOSES PASSAGE OF LICENSE MEASURE

HARRISBURG, March 28.—Opposition by the bituminous operators and support by the officials of the United Mine Workers was expressed in a hearing before the House Mines and Mining Committee upon the Hoffman bill, to regulate the licensing of bituminous miners. A similar measure, introduced by Senator C. M. Barr, Allegheny county, is before the Senate.

The opposition to the bill centered in the provision that the board to issue the licenses and consist of persons who shall have had at least two years' experience "as miners or others' helpers."

Speakers for the bill were Philip Murray, Pittsburgh, vice-president of the United Mine Workers of America; John Brophy, Clearfield; D. F. Eagan, Pittsburgh; C. J. Golden, Hazleton; and Thomas Kennedy, Hazleton, all officials of the United Mine Workers. They argued that the bill will save human life and prevent mining accidents by having men who know mining conditions and to it that qualified persons are licensed as miners. Murray denied that the intention of the bill is to unionize the miners, but said it is simply a "safety first" measure to get more expert workers.

Opponents of the bill were Charles O'Neill, Altoona, James R. Gray, Uniontown, and Robert W. Smith, Greensburg, all operators. O'Neill said the bill would provide monopolistic control of the industry by the United Mine Workers, that the 1921 mine code meets all requirements for competency of miners and that in the anthracite region, even with a license law, the fatalities among workers was greater than in the bituminous fields.

FRANCE GREATLY IN NEED OF AMERICAN COKE FOR FURNACES

To Prevent Disaster to Its
Iron and Steel Producing
Industries.

SHORTAGE 350,000 TONS

A Month Since Supply from the Ruhr
Has Been Cut Off by the Military
Occupation of the District; Small
Tonnage Available Through Imports

The Paris correspondent of Seward's Journal, writing of the situation in France for coke, points out that "American coke would, at the present juncture, be a boon to French blast furnaces." On account of the cutting off of the supply from the Ruhr through the occupation of that territory by the French troops, a shortage of 350,000 tons a month exists which, if not supplied from some source, means continued paralysis of the blast furnace industry in France.

A coke shortage existed indeed before our occupation of the Ruhr, since Germany systematically refrained from supplying to France the full coke quantities fixed by the Commission of Reparations," says the correspondent. "On the other hand, these contingents were themselves far from corresponding to the capacity of production (more than 10,000,000 tons of pig-iron per annum) of our blast furnaces of the east of France, inclusive of Lorraine. But, of course the almost complete suppression of coke shipments from the Ruhr since January 11, when Franco-Belgian troops entered the German industrial area, has proved absolutely calamitous and is involving French iron masters in terrible losses."

"More than one-half of the furnaces in blast in the east of France have been blown out and others are being run at a reduced pace, as are also most of the steel works and rolling mills."

"We obtained so far from requisitioning the stocks of coke piled at the coke-oven plants in the Ruhr and consigned ourselves with seizing stored coke in various parts of the coal field. The result is that, in February, France received only 8,000 tons of Ruhr coke."

"In order simply to maintain 'their' production of the last months of 1922, French blast furnaces require monthly about 600,000 tons of coke, of which about 360,000 tons, were received from the Ruhr. In 1913, France produced 2,650,000 tons of coke from the collieries. In 1922, that production was 1,025,000 tons."

"The reconstruction of destroyed coke ovens is being pushed up vigorously, and the coke production of the Nord and Pas-de-Calais in January is showing satisfactory progress. France can produce about 1,200,000 tons of coke per annum from ovens attached to metallurgical works, provided, however, they are able to procure a sufficient supply of coking slacks."

"From December 20, 1922, to January 30, 1923, France had imported, besides German coke, 39,140 tons of coke from Great Britain, 51,900 tons from Belgium and 49,920 tons from other countries. Since then, imports of coke from Great Britain have no doubt somewhat increased; but Great Britain, whose iron and steel trade is suffering from the present events, is herself rather short of coke. Belgium is now to resume her deliveries of coke to France, at the rate of about 30,000 tons per month, against France's demand of 300,000 tons."

"There is only one more country which we can apply to for a supply of coke, and that is the United States. American coke has been offered a few days ago at \$15 per ton c. i. f. French ports, which is equivalent to 250-280 francs as compared with 250-280 francs for British coke, at the frontier; 250 francs for Dutch coke, and 170 to 200 francs for Belgian coke. Since February 10 French blast furnaces

Production and Output.

Region Forges Ahead From Week to Week, Adding More Ovens and Swelling Output

Gains Last Week Were 608
Ovens and 5,030 Tons;
Total, 290,210.

PLANT IDLE FOUR YEARS

Is Restored to Activity; Region as
A Whole Closely Approaching Maximum Capacity With Present Effective Equipment of Plants and Ovens.

The coke region continues to forge ahead steadily from week to week, adding to the number of plants and ovens in blast and increasing the output in almost direct proportion to the augmentation of production facilities. Last week 608 ovens, including part of the equipment at three long idle plants, were placed in running and the output boosted by 5,030 tons to another new high figure—290,210 tons. These additions were made necessary

COAL PRODUCTION PRACTICALLY SAME DURING TWO MONTHS

Weekly Average About 10,500,000
Tons; Total to Date Behind 1923;
Heavily Coke Again Increases

WASHINGTON, March 26.—According to the weekly report of the United States Geological Survey the rate of production of soft coal has been practically stationary at about one and a half million tons a week during the past two months. Present estimates of the soft coal production for the week ended March 10 indicate a total output of 10,424,000 net tons, including coal shipped, mine fuel, local sales, and coal coked. This is a decrease of approximately 200,000 tons as compared with the revised estimate for the week preceding.

Preliminary reports of cars loaded in the present week, March 19-24, forecast another week's output at about 10,500,000 tons. Loadings on Monday were 32,215 cars and fell on Tuesday to 30,721 cars and by Thursday had declined to 29,232 cars.

Cumulative production for bituminous coal for the week ending 1922-23, March 17 stands at 298,867,000 net tons. The cumulative totals for the corresponding dates for the last four years are as follows:

1918-1919	577,602,000	1919-1920	622,833,000
1920-1921	511,235,000	1921-1922	412,837,000 net tons.

The production of coke during the week ended March 17 showed a marked recovery from the slump of the week preceding and was greater than in the week before that. The total estimated output was 109,000 net tons against 92,300 tons in the week preceding. The increase was chiefly in Pennsylvania production.

According to The Courier the output in the Connellsville region continued to increase and was 285,180 tons in the week ended March 17 as compared with 280,530 tons in the week before. The Courier also reports a net gain of 508 ovens fired up.

The production by states, as compared with the corresponding weeks in 1922, was as follows:

	1922	1923
Pennsylvania and Ohio	330,000	118,000
West Virginia	25,000	2,000
Alabama	2,000	2,000
Tennessee and Georgia	21,000	2,000
Virginia	15,000	6,000
Colorado	2,000	2,000
Mexico	7,000	2,000
Washington and Utah	5,000	4,000
United States total	408,000	117,000

Winder Pipples Dynamited.

WINNER, March 27.—Two apples owned by the Berwind-White Coal Mining Company, one at Mine No. 26 and the other at Mine No. 35, both situated near here, were dynamited at an early hour Saturday morning. Damage to the apples is estimated at about \$3,000.

Chester Furnace Resumes.

The Chester furnace of the Delaware River Steel Company is now in blast.

Metallurgical coke has been 135 francs at ovens in the Nord and Pas-de-Calais.

to take care of the larger demand, which in part results from the call for the coke for export, and to rounding out the requisitions on account of contracts covering the closing first quarter. The requirements under contract for the second quarter being quite definitely known, and exceeding those now current, the enlargement of production is in part in preparation for the quarter which begins with the ensuing week.

The market change in conditions, as compared with the opening of the year, has come about without any undue excitement or too great uneasiness on the part of producers to swell their production. The growth in demand has been fairly steady and rather evenly distributed, hence there has been no occasion for spasms of speed or over-exertion to meet the situation. The policy of the operators has been characterized by a safe conservatism, the wisdom of which is becoming more and more apparent.

It is interesting and instructive as well to note at this time just what progress the region has made toward complete resumption. Of the 141 plants in the region, 114, or 80.8 per cent, are now producing coke. Of these active 55 are running every oven in their equipment and 59 are in partial operation. Of the 25 plants which are idle a number are really permanently out of commission or in need of very extensive repairs, or are lacking a coal reserve sufficient to warrant firing up at this time. Six plants with even equipment have been devoted to the shipment of raw exclusively so long that they have ceased to be raised as coking operations. Of the plants in partial operation the older ones are running about all the ovens it has been found convenient or desirable to keep in blast.

From the market standpoint it is significant to consider a comparison between the merchant and the furnace operations. Of the 80 plants of the former, 85, or 85 per cent, are making coke, 38 running in full and 31 in part, with 11 out of blast. Of the six independent furnace plant, four, or 66.6 per cent, are active, two with 100 per cent and two with more than 70 per cent of their ovens producing. Two plants are producing raw coke.

The H. C. Brown & Sons company is running 15 plants, in full, and 25 from 50 to 99 per cent full; a total of 41 active, or 74.0 per cent, of its equipment of 55 ovens. The remainder comprises 14 plants, six of which are confined to shipping 20,000 to 100,000 tons of coal each week by barge to the Charleston by-product plant, and nine more or less obsolete or without ample coal supply.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the region is closely approaching its maximum productive capacity on the basis of its existing effective equipment. Of course there are many ovens that can be placed in a fit condition to make coke that are not being used, but there is at present no indication that this will be necessary unless there be an expansion in demand over present proportions.

The estimated production of coke during the week ending Saturday, March 21, was 230,210 tons, divided between the two districts as follows: Connellsville, 134,620, an increase of 1,810 tons; Lower Connellsville, 155,590, an increase of 2,190 tons, or a total increase of 4,000 tons, as compared with an increase of 1,550 tons during the preceding week.

By interests the production was: Furnace, 165,180, a gain of 1,770 tons; merchant, 124,730, a gain of 2,230 tons, as compared with gains of 1,270 and 2,230 tons respectively during the week ended March 17.

The oven additions of 608 were evenly divided between the operating interests, 311 at furnaces and 297 at merchant plants. The former were all at Frick plants; the latter were all at Frick plants, following Allegheny, 60; Central, 105; both of which have been idle almost a year; Continental No. 1, 70; Davidson, 12; Hela No. 2, five; Leaning No. 1, five; Leaning No. 2, 17; Mutual, 20; Redstone, three; Trotter, five; United, 15; Buffington, 35; Colonial No. 1, five; Colonial No. 2, five; Potomac, 21.

The most significant addition to the merchant blast was 105 ovens at the Champion plant of the Champion Coal Company, formerly Devoe, which has not been a coke producer for more than four years. Other merchant gains were: Donald I and 2, 24; LaBelle, 15; Mt. Hope, 50; Rich Hill, six; Sackett, 30; Starling, 15; Virgo, 14; Yukon, 18.

Production by the two interests and the total compared with the corresponding week in 1922 is shown below:

Production by the two interests and the total compared with the corresponding week in 1922 is shown here with:			
Week	March, 1922	March, 1923	Total
Jan. 6-12	6,848,425	137,626	7,026,051
Jan. 13-19	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Jan. 20-26	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Jan. 27-31	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Feb. 1-7	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Feb. 8-14	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Feb. 15-21	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Feb. 22-28	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Mar. 1-7	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Mar. 8-14	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Mar. 15-21	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Mar. 22-28	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
Mar. 29-31	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
1922	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051
1923	10,110,425	137,626	10,248,051

Mammoth Coal Development Project Aim of Henry Ford Through Kentucky Purchase

Will Supply All His Own Industries and Have Surplus for Sale.

OWNER OF 165,000 ACRES

Scheme of Automobile Manufacturer Provides for Great Output Within Year; Residue After Gas Is Removed, Intended for Domestic Use.

DETROIT, March 28.—Official confirmation today at the offices of Henry Ford at Dearborn that the automobile manufacturer had purchased 150,000 acres of undeveloped coal land in Kentucky was coupled with the statement that Mr. Ford intended to solve the country's coal problems "by using every piece of coal twice."

By purchase of the property it was officially announced at the Ford office that Mr. Ford comes into possession of a

vast tract of virgin coal lands, with a reserve coal supply of 500,000,000 tons. This property added to other coal lands previously purchased brings the total number of acres owned by the manufacturer to 155,000.

From these holdings Mr. Ford hopes that within a year he will be ready to supply all his factories in every part of the country, all the products of his own concerns, as many of the industries in this district as care to buy coal and have left sufficient to supply a part of the domestic demands of the country.

Mr. Ford, it was announced, will ask all industries to install furnaces that will remove only the gas and similar substances, leaving a fuel for domestic purposes. The coal under this process would be sold to heat the homes of hundreds of thousands of workers. The fuel remaining after the gas had been taken out would be even more valuable for home heating than it was before, it was explained.

ray injunction was warranted, and on March 21, 1932, the temporary injunction was formally granted.

The case remained inactive, with the commission restrained in the meantime, until May 31, 1932, when the commission filed an amended answer. In the interim the Clairé furnace injunction had been granted and was proceeding through the court. On June 5 counsel for the Maynard Coal Company moved to strike out the amended answer, which January 30, 1932. Then on March 6, 1932, Justice Bailey on Justice Bailey made the temporary injunction permanent. Although the commission plans to speed the case into the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia it probably will not be argued there before next fall.

TRADE COMMISSION CONTINUING FIGHT FOR QUESTIONNAIRE

Preparing Bill of Exceptions to Final Injunction in Maynard Coal Case.

RULED AGAINST TWICE

Including the Clairé Furnace Case, Body Is Determined to Carry Question of Its Right to Demand Production Cost to the Highest Court.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The Federal Trade Commission has begun the preparation of a bill of exceptions to the final decree of Justice Jennings Bailey of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia making permanent the injunction restraining the commission from requiring the Maynard Coal Company to furnish monthly cost of production reports. This step is a necessary preliminary to taking the case to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, the commission having noted an appeal which was allowed by Justice Bailey. It is expected that it will be at least a month before the bill of exceptions is filed, says Coal Review.

Justice Bailey's decision was the formal order on a verbal decision adverse to the commission given recently and makes permanent the temporary injunction granted then. The decision not only permanently prohibits the commission from exacting production cost data from the coal mining industry, but nullifies the default order issued by the commission in 1929 to invoke the penalty for non-compliance with the commission's instructions, and assesses the cost of the action upon the commission. As in the Clairé Furnace case, the court has held that the commission exceeded its authority in demanding production cost data.

Justice Bailey's decision was the second defeat for the commission in its efforts to get cost figures on basic materials.

Three years ago the Clairé Furnace Company, of Pennsylvania, obtained an injunction against the commission when it sought to get at steel production costs and, as a result, compilation of statistics was stopped and the funds appropriated for the work by Congress turned back into the treasury.

In both the Maryland and Clairé Furnace cases Justice Bailey held that cost of production figures did not concern in any way interstate commerce and, therefore, Congress had no authority to compel companies to report them to the Trade Commission.

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia upheld Justice Bailey's decision in the Clairé furnace case, and the commission has announced its intention to appeal the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The Maynard coal case has also been in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia for three years, but the groundwork was laid on August 25, 1919, when members of the House Appropriations Committee asked representatives of the commission what steps could be taken to combat the high cost of living. The commission's representatives suggested that the initial action be a study of the production costs of basic commodities.

In the Act of November 4, 1919, an appropriation of \$100,000 was granted the commission for this purpose. On December 15, 1919, the commission adopted a resolution setting forth its determination to procure cost data relating to coal, coke, iron, steel and other commodities. Between January 5 and 2, 1920, the commission notified about 2,500 bituminous coal producers that it expected them to submit monthly cost reports. Opposition crystallized, and on January 31, 1920, the commission made formal demand upon the Maynard Coal Company to provide the basis for a test case. The default notice authorized by the Federal Trade Act was served on March 2, 1920. Exactly one week later the bill was filed in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia and notice given of the motion for a temporary injunction. On March 16, the commission filed its answer. Three days later Justice Bailey handed down his opinion that a temporary

Mining Congress Claims Industry Is Grossly Over-Taxed

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Discrimination by the federal and state governments in the taxation of various major industries forms the basis of an attack being made by the tax division of the American Mining Congress upon existing methods of obtaining public revenues, the campaign being based upon farm tax statistics just released by the Department of Agriculture showing that taxes on farm lands have only increased 140 per cent in eight years, while the same period of time has brought an increase of 1,200 per cent to the mining industry and 178.5 per cent to the railroads without corresponding increases in values.

Charging that excessive, burdensome and discriminatory methods and rates of taxation are now being imposed upon the mining and transportation industries, particularly in states where agriculture is the dominating industry, the Mining Congress officials point out that in the case of agricultural lands and farm property values grow from 40 billion dollars to 77 billion dollars during the period in question thus keeping pace with the increase in taxes.

According to the Mining Congress Division, the increase in values was approximately as follows: Farms, increase in values, 90 per cent; railroads, increase in values, 120 per cent; railroads, increase in values, 25 per cent.

The wide difference between the figures for farms on the one hand and the mines and railroads on the other is accounted for by reason of the fact that the farm owners pay a negligible tax to the federal government under the income tax laws, while the mines and railroads have been forced to pay, in addition to the enormous increase in state and local taxes, a very high federal tax.

Thirty-Six Out of 46 Furnaces in Blast in Youngstown District

YOUNGSTOWN, March 28.—Orders for lighting the Daily blast furnaces of the Stewart Furnace Company, in the Shenango valley have been issued and it is expected that the unit will be pouring iron by April 15. It has been idle since April of last year.

Now 36 of the 46 blast furnaces in the Youngstown district are in blast and definite orders for lighting four more have been issued.

Cars and Men Short In Somerset Field

SOMERSET, March 28.—The Somerset county mines are working well, but a number of them continue to suffer from the shortage in the supply of cars.

At some of these places the effect of the strikes is still felt severely, due to a shortage of men, and it also appears that in the northern end of the county, the operators now working with union labor appear to be getting better than average commitments of cars in which the product of the mines can be carried away.

Anderson Fuel Company. The Anderson Fuel Company, Agent Building, Pittsburgh, has been organized with G. D. Anderson as manager, to handle coal and coke. Mr. Anderson, who recently resigned as sales manager for Marvel & Marvel, was formerly with the Poland Coal Company, Reilly-Peabody Fuel Company and Strick-Atkinson Coal & Coke Company, all of Pittsburgh.

LIST OF COKE OVENS IN THE CONNELLSVILLE DISTRICT With Their Owners, Address and Ovens in Blast Corrected to Saturday, March 24, 1933.

Ovens	La. Works	Name of Operators	Address
MERCHANT OVENS			
182	182	Beatty	Greensburg
180	180	Brush Run	Mt. Pleasant
180	180	Clara	Greensburg
182	182	Clara	Connellsville
180	180	Blm Grove	New York
180	180	Fort Hill	New York
180	180	Gilman's	Uniontown
180	180	Helen	Youngwood
180	180	Humphries	Greensburg
180	180	Mt. Braddock	New York
180	180	Mt. Pleasant	Greensburg
180	180	Myers	Uniontown
180	180	Nelle	Connellsville
180	180	Oliver No. 1	Pittsburg
180	180	Oliver No. 2	Pittsburg
180	180	Oliver No. 3	Pittsburg
180	180	Paul	New York
180	180	Peetres	Connellsville
180	180	Revere	New York
180	180	Thomas	Uniontown
180	180	West Penn	Pittsburg
FURNACE OVENS			
250	80	Adelphi	Pittsburg
250	80	Alfred	Pittsburg
250	80	Begley	Pittsburg
250	80	Blmer	Pittsburg
250	80	Brigerton	Pittsburg
250	80	Calumet	Pittsburg
250	80	Central	Pittsburg
250	80	Collier	Pittsburg
250	80	Continental	Pittsburg
250	80	Continental	Pittsburg
250	80	Crossland	Pittsburg
250	80	Edith	Pittsburg
250	80	Ethel	Pittsburg
250	80	Heck No. 1	Pittsburg
250	80	Heck No. 2	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 1	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 2	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 3	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 4	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 5	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 6	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 7	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 8	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 9	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 10	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 11	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 12	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 13	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 14	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 15	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 16	Pittsburg
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250	80	Hedra No. 90	Pittsburg
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250	80	Hedra No. 94	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 95	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 96	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 97	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 98	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 99	Pittsburg
250	80	Hedra No. 100	Pittsburg

ESTABLISHED 1846 INCORPORATED 1894

JOSEPH SOISSON FIRE BRICK COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS OF

Silica and Fire Clay BRICK

Special Shapes for Rectangular and Bee Hive Ovens,
Furnace and Glass House Material.

Ship on all railroads.

DAILY CAPACITY 300,000

DAVIDSON MOYER VOLCANO LAYTON	EIGHT PLANTS:	KINGSTON ENAMEL WILLIAM COLUMBIA
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"50 YEARS SERVICE"

—By—

Eureka Fire Brick Works

Coke Oven, Glass House, and Mill Operators know
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"EUREKA"

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Mt. Braddock, Pa. Phone 49 Dunbar.

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WHOLESALE

COAL AND COKE

INQUIRIES SOLICITED

FAYETTE TITLE & TRUST BLDG. UNIONTOWN, PA.

Homer L. Burchinal

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEER

623 and 627 Fayette Title & Trust Bldg., Uniontown, Pa.

Specialties: Construction of Coal and Coke Plants. Examination and reports on coal properties. Valuations, superintendence, plans, estimates. Sales and property surveys.

Engineer for 40 independent concerns in Pennsylvania and West Virginia. Continuous blue print machine used in electric printing department.

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BUY FROM THOSE WHO ADVERTISE IN THE COURIER. IF YOU HAVE COAL LAND FOR SALE ADVERTISE IT IN THE COURIER.

Boys, Porter & Co.

YOUGH PUMPS

Steam, Air and Electric Driven

Boys, Porter & Co.

Connellsville, Pa., U. S. A.

M. M. COCHRAN, President. M. E. STRAWN, Vice President. J. H. STRAWN, Secretary-Treasurer.

WASHINGTON COAL & COKE CO.

General Office, DAWSON, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA.

6,000 Tons Daily Capacity. Individual Cars.

Youghiogheny Coal	Connellsville Coke
Steam Gas Coking	Furnace and Foundry
	Low Sulphur Hard Structure

Shipments via B. & O. R. R. and P. & L. E. R. R. and Connections
N. F. Hyndman, Sales Agent, 511 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

C. M. WOLFE, General Sales Agent.

Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Co.

HIGHEST GRADE

Connellsville Coke

Furnace and Foundry Orders Solicited

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TELEPHONE 893 GRANT.

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Connellsville Central Coke Co.

General and Sales Office, 1211 Empire Building, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Works—Low Phos. No. 1, Herbert No. 2, near Uniontown, Pa.

Standard Connellsville Coke

MONTHLY CAPACITY 32,000 TONS. P. R. R. P. & L. E. R. R. and B. & O. R. R. Connections

Coke low in Sulphur and Phosphorus and of strong physical structure.
Our Coke at HERBERT WORKS is made in LONGITUDINAL OVENS and is entirely free from dust and dirt.
ANALYSIS FURNISHES ON REQUEST

A. M. HUSTEAD, Pres. W. B. HUSTEAD, Vice-Pres. J. E. HUSTEAD, Secy. & Treas.

HUSTEAD-SEMAN'S COAL AND COKE CO.

Furnace Coke By-Product Coal

(General Offices—Uniontown, Pa.)

HENRY OLIVER, President. JOHN JENKINS, Secretary.

Oliver & Snyder Steel Company

PRODUCERS OF

Highest Quality Standard Old Basin Connellsville Coke

AND

By-Product Coking Coal

General Offices—South 10th and Muriel Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Age Group	Male	Female
0-9	10	10
10-19	15	15
20-29	20	20
30-39	25	25
40-49	30	30
50-59	35	35
60-69	40	40
70-74	45	45
75+	50	50

COLLEGE COURSE FOR WINNER IN ESSAY CONTEST

All High School Students Eligible to Enter the Annual Competition.

WON TWO YEARS BY GIRLS

Special to The Courier.
WASHINGTON, March 22.—For the fourth successive year, high school students of the nation are to be given opportunity to win the largest single educational award offered in the United States, according to a statement by the Highway Education Board.

The award is the H. S. Five-year Four Years University Scholarship, providing not only tuition, but room, board, books and special fees for the student winning the best essay in the United States, according to a statement by the Highway Education Board.

The subject of the contest is being made "to superintendents of schools, high school principals, and students as rapidly as possible, and all available literature is being distributed to the prospective contestants. The board announces its willingness to answer any inquiry students and teachers may desire to make, but it points out that all that is necessary is compliance with the simple rules of the contest, and the preparation of a 700 word essay on the subject, Essays should be submitted to the high school principal by May 1.

The contest, known to thousands of students throughout the United States and territorial possessions as the "annual dog yards essay contest" is the most sustained competition of its kind. Inaugurated in 1920, it has provided college education for students, one boy and two girls, and its maintenance from year to year is assured by the donor of the scholarship, Harvey S. Prestons, Akron, Ohio.

This year the subject is regarded as unique and unusual, bringing up for discussion the relation of improved transportation to the moral and religious life of the community. Leading churchmen have expressed their approval of the discussion the essays are to bring about, while distinguished educators have given their approval to the contest itself. In past years the subjects have been broader, and more general, the subject for 1922 dealing with the improved transportation and the growth of the community as a whole.

Previous winners have been Miss Katherine P. Butterfield, Welser, Idaho, 1920; Miss Garland Johnson, Bridgeport, West Virginia, 1921, and in 1922, Karl G. Pearson, Washington, District of Columbia. Miss Butterfield is in college, but Miss Johnson and Mr. Pearson, not being seniors when the scholarship was awarded them, have remained in high school until their courses are completed. They both will enter college this year. Miss Johnson at the University of West Virginia, and Pearson at a university in Kansas, his home state.

The best three essays submitted to the contest are to be submitted to state headquarters, where the best essay from the commonwealth will be chosen. One essay from each state and territory will then come to the board at Washington, D. C., there to be awarded a national committee to be named by Dr. John J. Tigert, United States Commissioner of Education. The national committee will award the scholarship.

Inquiries should be addressed to the Highway Education Board, 1414 Building, Washington, D. C.

Negro Health Week Will Be Observed In State April 1-7

Mayor G. C. Mitchell has received a communication from the State Department of Health, advising him that the week of April 1 to 7 has been set aside as the ninth annual observance of National Negro Health Week, and asks that he aid in this move by making a public proclamation, urging the entire citizenship to co-operate.

Beginning Sunday, April 1, there will be health sermons by ministers, physicians or other qualified persons in all negro churches. On April 2, known as hygiene day, talks will be given by physicians, visiting nurses and social workers. "Swat the Fly Day," will be observed on Tuesday, April 3, when special efforts will be directed towards destruction of breeding places.

On Wednesday, April 4, physicians and other qualified persons will talk on tuberculosis and its prevention. Children's Health Day will be observed on Thursday, April 5. Friday, April 6, is Church Sanitation Day, when all churches will be investigated and unsanitary conditions remedied.

General Clean-Up Day will be observed on Saturday, April 7. On this day the entire negro population will be encouraged to clean up their homes and premises.

Colley S. Baker Becomes Editor of Stroudsburg Paper

Colley S. Baker, former Uniontown newspaper man, who for several years was attached to the staff of the Philadelphia North American, has become editor of the Record and Times-Democrat, a daily and weekly paper at Stroudsburg.

Betty Knox Park Association Is Formed By Dunbar Citizens

DUNBAR, March 27.—Feeling the necessity of a park and picnic and camping grounds, and struck with the admirable adaptability of the beautiful valley along Dunbar creek in the vicinity of the famous "Betty Knox" path, about 150 leading and public-spirited citizens consulted together and decided to secure for Dunbar these needed recreation grounds.

Last evening a meeting was held at the borough building for the purpose of further discussion of the subject and, if the project seemed feasible, to organize to effect it. Sixty persons were present and all were enthusiastic about the matter, so the organization was formed, officered as follows: President, William J. C. Jacoby; vice-president, Ben. C. Chapman; secretary, Charles R. Miller; treasurer, George H. Martin.

The name chosen for the organization is Betty Knox Park Association.

It had been ascertained that the grounds desired could be leased from the American Manganese Manufacturing Company, and it was decided to act at once.

The fact of land available is situated about four miles up the valley, just east of the mouth of Tucker run and along the old lumber road. Here approximately 20 acres will be acquired and equipped for recreation purposes.

No more suitable location for a park could be secured, it is felt. The spacious level valley occupies a picturesque spot along a curve in Dunbar creek and is surrounded by the mountains of Chestnut Ridge, rising gradually on the east, but very abruptly on the west side, while looking north and south the swing of the mountains closes up the view in majestic grandeur. Placidly the stream flows through the grounds the entire length, while the surrounding mountains invite hikes and invigorating rambles.

Up the steep western mountain winds the famous "Betty Knox" path over which in Revolutionary days she is said to have carried crates of corn on an ox to the Young Mill, that then stood on a part of the Mount Braddock farm near Ferguson, and carried back the cold meal to the Knox farm then hidden amid the forest in the vicinity of what is now known as Greengrass. On this farm, her husband, a deserter from the British army, hid himself during the war days, clearing off the ground and raising enough corn and potatoes and hogs to live comfortably and after the war was over and the country was free, he became the pioneer in that settlement, and a useful and loyal American citizen.

Near the location, and within easy hiking distance are the remains of a number of old turnpikes at which during and for years after the war the fleet of charcoals was made and transported to market on horseback. The park has four miles west of Dunbar, and is reached by good roads with nice even grades pleasurable for automobile riding.

The park is to be cleared, improved, a fine swimming lake constructed, drives made, and camping sites indicated. Work will be begun in the near future and when spring opens the people of Dunbar and their friends from a distance who wish to rusticate will have as fine a place as any other town in the county—in fact the very best location for real enjoyment, inexpensive and health giving in the entire county.

In addition to this improvement, the association plans to provide playgrounds for the children, these to be located within the borough, and to be situated up like the Frick playgrounds. The association intends to see that the people of Dunbar can have enjoyment without the inconvenience of traveling far from home.

Dry Agents Seize Suterville Brewery

PITTSBURGH, March 21.—The plant of the Westmoreland Beverage & Ice Company at Suterville, near West Newton, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, was seized yesterday by prohibition agents operating under G. J. Simmons, divisional chief of general agents. The plant was declared to have contained several hundred barrels of beer ready for shipment. Pail-locks were placed on all doors of the building.

The seizure of the plant will result in several arrests within the next few days, according to Chief Simmons. Besides the seizure of the property, Chief Simmons announced that a raid had been made upon the wholesale liquor house of Brennan & O'Grady, at 112 Fullerton street, last morning. The agents confiscated 50 barrels of beer in the basement of the building. The beer was removed to a government warehouse.

The agents visited the place last night and when they attempted to enter they were threatened with violence by several persons in the place.

Rockwood Girl First In Essay Contest

Miss Mildred Shumaker, a pupil in the Rockwood High School, won first prize in the second annual essay contest of the high schools of Somerset county. Second prize was awarded to Violet Bauman of Somerset High School, and third to Roderic Miller of Berlin High School.

Representatives from eight high schools in the county participated in the contest.

GREENSBURG IS MAKING READY FOR THE GRAND ARMY

Annual State Encampment Will Be Held at Westmoreland City in June.

ENTERTAINMENT PLANNED

GREENSBURG, March 22.—Earnest, hearty and effective cooperation from the organizations and patriotic people of Greensburg is manifest in every move of the 57th annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and the five allied organizations of Pennsylvania to be in convention here the week of June 10 next.

John P. Hickey, secretary of the Olympia-Oakford Amusement Company, writes "We will be pleased to let you have 50 or 60 of our park benches for the use of the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic during the encampment week." It has been found by experience of other convention cities that the aged veterans of the Civil War, many of them at least, cannot travel with the same ease they were, want to do 50 years ago, and soon become tired out, and they expressed themselves at Altoona, that nothing is more necessary and appreciative to them than seats here and there, and comfort stations or conveniences. The latter is next to imperative.

General Chairman H. M. Zundel, has taken up the matter of having the courthouses open not only during the day but in the evening in charge of considerate attendants, for the comfort of the many visitors and that there also be guides or attendants to show the veterans and others about and through the magnificent county courthouses while the guests of the county stay.

He has the following kind assurance from county commissioners: "It is the desire of the county commissioners to do whatever is possible to make this distinguished gathering a success, so far as the county is concerned and we shall hold a meeting some time later and go into the question fully. Assuring you of the kindly cooperation of the commissioners, we are, with best wishes yours for a very successful encampment."

The Rotary and Kiwanis clubs have been asked to furnish transportation for a proposed trip by the G. A. R. members, and have already signified that the matter would be taken up and receive due consideration and action.

The Boy Scouts of Greater Greensburg will also be given a prominent part in the work of the week.

No Money Now for Smithfield Road

HARRISBURG, March 15.—State Senator Guy W. Brown of Fayette City and Representative W. J. Burchinal of Smithfield headed a delegation of citizens from Smithfield, which called upon State Highway Commissioner Paul D. Wright Wednesday afternoon and asked for the construction of one mile section of Route No. 116 in that borough and 900 feet at the Baltimore & Ohio crossing, north of the town, omitted, when an improved road was built several years ago, because of an engineering problem.

The commissioner assured the delegation and individuals that the department would like nothing better than to assure visitors that the Commonwealth, at an early date, will let contracts for every necessary road construction project in Pennsylvania. He told his visitors that were the money available for road construction the contract would be awarded but added that it is not in sight now.

Ambrose Welling, Veteran of Civil War, Passes Away

Ambrose Welling, 83 years old, a Civil War veteran, died at his home at Vanderbilt Sunday at 6:30 o'clock. Mr. Welling was born in Maryland and moved to Vanderbilt when he was young, and had lived at that place ever since. During the Civil War he first served in Company D, First Regiment, Potomac Home Brigade, and later enlisted in Company A, Tenth Regiment, Maryland Infantry. He was married March 2, 1856, to Miss Elizabeth Thompson of Maryland. He was a member of William F. Kurtz Post, G. A. R. of this city.

Nine children survive, seven sons and two daughters. Walter and James of Vanderbilt, William of Washington, Charles of Bradford, Robert of Melroff, Richard of Ellsworth, Mrs. Cora Stover and Mrs. Florence Yeager of Massontown. Fifty-two grandchildren and 15 great-grandchildren also survive.

Donald Boyd on Staff of Wheeling Intelligencer

Donald L. Boyd, son of Mr. and Mrs. Benton Boyd of Trotter, now occupies the position of market editor on the staff of the Wheeling Intelligencer.

While a student at Bethany College, from which he graduated, Mr. Boyd was manager of the Collegian. Later he served as graduate manager of athletics at his alma mater.

Asks Divorce From "Wolf" PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 15.—Mrs. Marie Laumer has started suit for divorce against her husband, David Laumer, fugitive from justice, and known as "the wolf of Wall Street." She charges "criminal and brutal treatment and asks for the custody of their one child.

Real Estate for Sale Advertise in The Courier. Results follow.

BERKS COUNTY BOASTS OF SOME MAMMOTH TREES

READING, March 22.—Several trees, among the largest of their kind in the country, are growing in Berks county. Joseph I. Hillek, chief of research of the Pennsylvania Department of Forestry, described the trees in a recent address here in which he gave Berks county credit for being one of the leaders in forest tree planting in Pennsylvania. The Berks County Conservation Association, through its big tree contest, he said, is developing a better appreciation of trees by the boys and girls of the county.

"On the Rothermel farm, in Maiden creek township, Berks county, stands one of the largest and probably the most symmetrical sycamore tree found in Pennsylvania," he said.

"What is probably the largest English walnut tree found in North America stands on the farm of Jacob Badger, in Alsace township, between Spies Church and Friedensburg. At breast-high this tree has a circumference of 14 feet and five inches, and at one foot above the ground it is over 21 feet in circumference. The tree is about 210 years old, and it is reported that it has yielded as high as 25 bushels of walnuts in a single year. For many years this tree remained unnoted, but recently it has been placed in the hall of fame among other big trees of Pennsylvania.

"What is probably the greatest white oak in Pennsylvania stands on the farm of C. S. Grant Bieber, near Kutztown. Foresters from all over the state have had their eyes on this tree ever since the late Dr. J. P. Rothrock, the father of Pennsylvania Forestry, measured it on May 15, 1904.

"Wilhelm Bieber, when over 30 years ago, related that his great grandfather told him that an ammunition train of the Continental army camped under this tree about the time of the battle of Germantown. Mr. Bieber lived only a short distance from the tree and served hard labor to the soldiers.

"Eighty branches sweep out from this stately oak, which is about 300 years old and 24 feet in circumference near the ground, and has a branch spread of 101 feet."

GOVERNOR NAMES NOTARIES PUBLIC IN FAYETTE COUNTY

Governor Pinchot recently named the following notaries public in Fayette county:

- Martin J. Borish, Maestown.
- Ralph M. Younk, Connelville.
- Mrs. Katherine P. Jackson, Uniontown.
- Walter S. Dillinger, Point Marion.
- Joseph W. Heston, Uniontown.
- Antonio Tassone, Redstone cwp.
- Edward Hamer, Jr., Fayette City.
- Carl B. Rider, Springhill twp.
- Howard H. Hillman, Brownsville.
- A. J. Fast, German twp.
- Joseph L. Moore, Uniontown.
- Mrs. Eugenia M. Howard, Uniontown.
- William F. Holland, Uniontown.
- Chas. Schepke, Connelville.
- Charles A. Wick, Brownsville.
- Miss Helen L. Woodhill, Uniontown.
- J. F. Devlin, Point Marion.
- Miss Florence Lemmon, Uniontown.
- H. O. Hornbake, South Brownsville.
- Miss Anna W. Strong, Uniontown.
- Raymond Craig, Lurgene twp.
- G. B. Croyack, Lurgene twp.
- G. C. Dils, Lurgene twp.
- M. D. Spangler, Redstone cwp.
- Alex. R. Duncan, Dunbar.
- W. H. Williams, Dunbar.
- Cyril Ross, Uniontown.
- Mrs. Charlotte D. Flat, German twp.
- Clarence A. Rocks, Uniontown.
- Isaac E. Meyer, South Brownsville.
- Guido A. Mazzoni, Uniontown.
- Thomas B. Szabo, Brownsville.
- C. G. Montgomery, Point Marion.
- Thomas H. Jaquette, Uniontown.
- Harold S. Blaser, Point Marion.
- Ennat E. Coffman, Menden twp.
- George Nacker, St. Menallen twp.
- Miss Gertrude Morley, Uniontown.
- Milo K. Ruse, Point Marion.
- N. Dale Johnson, Uniontown.
- Paul B. Gates, Uniontown.

FARM BUREAU PLANS FOR AUTOMOBILE TOUR DURING THE SUMMER

Plans for an automobile tour by farmers of Fayette county through the county during June and July were outlined Thursday at a meeting of the executive committee of the Fayette County Farm Bureau in Uniontown. The last tour of this nature conducted several years ago proved to be very popular and it is planned to hold another on a much larger scale. Farmers who wish to participate in the tour will be privileged to join or leave the party as will.

In addition to the plans for the tour, a reorganization of the executive committee also took place. J. C. Blaney of Snook was elected president, with E. M. Hessel of Farmington, vice president, and C. A. Spencer, and Albert Gaddis, both of Uniontown, secretary and treasurer, respectively. New members chosen to the committee were: David Bins of Fayette City, E. M. Dills of Point Marion, W. J. Stewart of Brownsville and John Frazier of Snook.

A committee composed of David Bins, chairman, E. M. Hessel and W. M. Thompson was appointed to further the plans for the automobile tour. E. M. Hessel was appointed a committee of one to cooperate with A. J. Bengarnie and County Agent C. L. Rumberger for the cooperative selling of beef during the summer. It was also suggested by the executive committee through a resolution that Mr. Rumberger be relieved of making as many personal calls on farmers as heretofore in order that he might devote more time to the organization of projects by the bureau.

Advertise in The Weekly Courier.

No Funds for Road To Normalville This Year, Boosters Told

HARRISBURG, March 17.—A delegation of Connelville citizens yesterday saw State Highway Commissioner P. D. Wright, relative to the improvement of Route No. 366—particularly that portion lying between Connelville and Normalville. This is a secondary highway. The State and Fayette county have under way a construction project on the end toward Connelville. The delegation suggested an additional improvement of at least two miles and asked that this work be undertaken in 1933.

Mr. Wright assured the delegation this is impossible because of the insufficiency of Highway Department resources. He said, however, the maintenance forces of the department will be directed to put the improvement of Route No. 366 in as good condition as possible. It is an earth road.

In the delegation were the following citizens: W. D. McGinnis, C. B. Frank, G. Corrado, Dr. J. L. Cochran, Dr. H. C. Hoffman, E. Stungis Colburn, R. S. Matthews, Representative J. H. Henderson and Harmon M. Kepner.

R. V. RITENOUR, ONCE COUNTY SCHOOL HEAD, DIES AT OHIO

Remilia V. Ritenour, 75 years old, a widely known educator, and for a number of years superintendent and assistant superintendent of the Fayette county schools, died Sunday morning at the home of Daniel R. Collias at Ohioville from a complication of diseases.

Mr. Ritenour has been interested in educational work practically his entire life, being county superintendent from 1881 to 1887. He later served one term as assistant county superintendent and was re-appointed for a second term under County Superintendent John S. Carroll. He held this post up to two years ago when he was obliged to resign because of failing health.

Mr. Ritenour was born in Virginia, coming to Fayette county when a young man. He is survived by four sisters Mrs. Elsie C. Rush of Chandler, Fla., Mrs. Lulu L. Lucas of Clarksville, W. Va., Mrs. Mary E. Bowman of Tombs, Brook, Va., Mrs. Lilla M. Johnson of Uniontown, and Mrs. Ruth and Mrs. Lucia were at the bedside when death came. The deceased was preceded in death by his wife and father and mother.

MRS. MENEFFEE IS FOUND DEAD AT HOME IN LOWER TYRONE

Mrs. Catherine Menefee, 67 years old, was found dead at her home in Lower Tyrone township, near the Landerberg farm, Wednesday evening. Mrs. Menefee, who had not been living with her husband for 10 or 12 years but lived alone in a little cottage, had not been noticed by her neighbors for five or six days. Believing something was wrong they notified her husband, Madison Menefee, who was working at Florence, Pa. He investigated and found it necessary to break in a window to gain entrance. He found his wife's body lying across her bed, fully dressed.

It is thought that Mrs. Menefee had been dead for almost a week, as a bucket of water in the kitchen was found to have an inch or more of ice on it and that the body was frozen. Mrs. Menefee's maiden name was Blood. Her home is somewhere in West Virginia. It was said she was part Indian. Funeral Director W. H. Parkhill of Dawson took charge of the body.

MRS. MARY E. KELLAR, PAST CENTURY OLD, DIES AT ADDISON

Mrs. Mary E. Kellar, 90 years old, died Wednesday night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Eccles, at Addison. She had been ill for two weeks. Prior to that time she was in the best of health for one of great age. When her hundredth anniversary was observed last August 2, she participated with all the joy of the people who came to pay her honor.

Surviving are three daughters, Mrs. Julia Richards of Pittsburg, and Mrs. Thomas E. Kull and Mrs. Kellar at Addison.

PERMANENT FORCE OF STATE POLICE AT BROWNSVILLE

Corporal A. A. Downing, with a squad of state police from Greensburg, has been located permanently at Brownsville. The state troopers were assigned to that end of the county following presentation of a petition directed to Governor Pinchot for the return of the force which had been stationed there during strike trouble.

As a result, Corporal Downing's squad will be at the river front permanently. It was claimed by the merchants of that place that the troopers are necessary to keep down lawlessness.

N. A. Harshman Buys N. A. Harshman, rural mail carrier, has bought the Simon Huey farm near Brownsburg. Mr. Harshman will occupy the farm as soon as Mr. Huey moves.

Advertise in The Weekly Courier.

People of Narrows District Start Movement to Have Gap In Broad Ford Road Closed

A very earnest effort is being made by the people of the "Narrows" district and adjacent territory to induce the county commissioners to provide for the completion of the improved road which will enable people in the Morgan Valley to have a better means of access to Connelville.

Between the city limits near the Shigo mill and the section of brick road built out of Broad Ford toward Connelville by the Bell-Beckel Construction Company in 1916, there is a stretch of about seven-eighths of a mile which has become almost impassable. This is a serious inconvenience to farmers and others residing along the road leading from Broad Ford up the Morgan Valley through Owensdale and South Evanson, who in case the desired improvement were made, would make Connelville their trading center.

Paul Sandusky, a well-known resident in the affected section, with the cooperation of John G. Haynes, Philip Stinger and Lloyd Stillwagon, supervisors of Connelville township No. 2, is circulating a petition requesting the county commissioners to include the unimproved stretch in the road building plan of the coming construction season.

The petition is being very generously signed. It was presented to the Kiwanis Club at yesterday's luncheon and every member present, 79 in number, signed.

If details as at present planned can be worked out in time a committee of interested citizens in the city and township, consisting of J. A. Armstrong, E. L. Boyd, George Fastenau, H. G. Brown and the three sponsoring along the road leading from Broad Ford up the Morgan Valley through Owensdale and South Evanson, who in case the desired improvement were made, would make Connelville their trading center.

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Over 8,000 Dogs Licensed in 1922 In Fayette County

Approximately 34,000 more dogs were licensed in Pennsylvania in the first eight months of last year than were licensed in the entire year of 1921, according to reports of the bureau of animal industry of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. This enforcement of the law was also secured with less than half the number of prosecutions than were required in 1921 when the enforcement of the dog law was not in the hands of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

Westmoreland county leads the State in the number of dogs licensed up to September 1, having more than 14,000.

Statistics for Fayette county show the following:

Individual licenses, 8,003; kennel licenses, 51; number of dogs killed, 486; prosecutions reported, 60; damage claims, 30; amount of claims, \$912.30; paid by owners of dogs, \$29.10.

For Westmoreland county the following are given:

Individual licenses, 14,479; kennel licenses, 47; number of dogs killed, 454; prosecutions, 85; damage claims, 27; amount of claims, \$956.75.

Somerset county figures are:

Individual licenses, 6,091; kennel licenses, 10; number dogs killed, 13; prosecutions, 44; damage claims, 20; amount of claims, \$918.30; settled by owner, \$35.75.

Comrades Pay Tribute To Ambrose Welling

Impressive military funeral services for Ambrose Welling, Civil War veteran, were held Wednesday afternoon at the Methodist Episcopal Church at Vanderbilt, with Rev. C. H. Beall, the pastor, assisted by Rev. Ralph Bell of Beallsville and Rev. Samuel Ford of Brush Valley officiating. Emory L. Pratt Post, the American Legion of Vanderbilt, was in charge, and comrades of the William F. Kurtz Post No. 104, Grand Army of the Republic, of which Mr. Welling was a member, conducted the G. A. R. ritual at the grave at Dickerson Run, Union County.

The funeral was the largest held in the community for months. The church was filled with relatives and friends. Members of the Kurtz Post present were Colonel James J. Barnhart, W. H. Shaw, John Robinson, A. R. Brashear, F. M. Clelland and Daniel Little.

Probably no case in a year has attracted so much attention as the suit brought by Mrs. Doughty for the return of Mr. Byers to make good his promise to marry her. Throughout the trial the court room was crowded.

Advertise in The Weekly Courier.

Vandergrift Girl Gets \$1,500 for Breach of Promise

GREENSBURG, March 21.—A broken heart is worth only \$1,500, according to the jury which brought in a verdict in that amount Thursday afternoon in the breach of promise case brought by Miss Alberta V. Doughty of Vandergrift against Clyde T. Byers, her one time lover.

Miss Doughty filed a claim for \$10,000 against Mr. Byers, July 7, 1921. She attended her claim paper, July 28 of this year, and the actual trial for the loss of Mr. Byers' affections did not come until Wednesday.

In spite of the fact that the jury awarded a \$10,000 suit to a \$1,500 verdict, counsel for Mr. Byers, will probably appeal the case.

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OUR Commercial Department offers every factor required of progressive business banking. We number among our depositors many representative business firms, who have found satisfaction in our facilities and methods, and are glad to welcome others who require our service and co-operation.

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UNION NATIONAL BANK

Connellsville, Pa.

MOONSHINERS BURN HOUSE AT SWAUGERTOWN

Had Been Ordered to Vacate
Premises, According to
Owner.

LOSS GIVEN AS \$2,000

A house in Swaugertown road, owned by Mrs. James McGee, colored, was destroyed by fire Sunday night. The alarm sounded about 11 o'clock and the "redmen" were on the scene for more than an hour. The house destroyed was a small one-story one, but the flames from it ignited a larger building and damaged it considerably before the fire was checked.

Mrs. McGee claims that moonshiners are responsible for the fire. She said that not long ago she ordered a tenant out because of his persistence in making liquor there. She believes the fire was revenge work. By the time the fire was discovered and the fire trucks called the house was too far gone to be saved and the attention of the firemen was turned towards saving other property.

Mrs. McGee said that just a short time before the discovery of the flames by Mrs. Mary Washington, also colored, who resides across the street, she had been in the yard to take in a quilt and that at that time everything about the house was all right.

It was necessary to lay 1,400 feet of hose to reach the fire. The burning building was situated along the Swaugertown road, considerable distance from the nearest fire plug, near the corner of Moonlight avenue and Pittsburgh street.

The house occupied by Mrs. McGee was saved by the local firemen. One side of the house was burned, a bedroom damaged and the front porch burned before the flames were finally quenched. All the household goods were safely removed. The total loss to Mrs. McGee, it was said, would amount to about \$2,000. She carried no insurance.

Officer Who Shot Negro Exonerated

Exonerated of Robert Leary, the coal and iron policeman who shot and mortally wounded Herbert Barnes, a negro, when the latter attempted to escape from the custody of the officer in Uniontown, was recommended Friday afternoon by a coroner's jury sitting through a hearing, conducted by Coroner S. H. Baum and District Attorney William A. Miller.

It was testified that Barnes was taken to jail after he had broken away from the officer as he, Leary, and David Royal, another negro, walked from a street car in front of the courthouse.

Demetrius Soisson Is On Championship Ball Team at Culver School

Demetrius Soisson, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Soisson of East Crawford avenue, has the distinction of being a member of Company D team of Culver Military School, Culver, Ind., where he is a student, while on the basketball championship yesterday at Culver. There are 12 teams chosen from 500 athletes enrolled at the school.

This is Demetrius' third year at a military school and the second time he has had the honor of being connected with a championship team, the other one being the football team.

Indian Head Bank to Open About April 1

The First National Bank of Indian Head, recently chartered, is preparing to open for business April 1. A building owned by L. B. Zimmerman, president of the institution, has been secured as quarters pending the erection of a bank building during the summer.

The safe and furniture have been shipped and will be delivered during the coming week. It was said today, inquiries by prospective depositors indicate there will be considerable business at the opening.

West Penn Safety Rally, Brownsville

A safety meeting and smoker for West Penn employees will be held Thursday evening, March 29, at Snowden Place, Brownsville. Louis Baer will talk on "Prevention of Automobile Accidents." Harry Rencofski, safety director of Pittsburgh, will also give a talk.

The committee in charge is composed of William Alt and P. T. Kammer of Conneltsville and L. T. Jackson of Brownsville.

C. M. SHULL BUYS ON SOUTH SIDE

C. M. Shull of the Wesley Apartments, West Apple street, has purchased a property in Green street from C. M. Stone and will take possession of it as soon as the present tenants move.

John T. Wurtz Buys G. M. Tipton Property

John T. Wurtz has purchased the property of G. M. Tipton in Lincoln avenue for a family residence.

Greensburg Man Robbed.
GREENSBURG, March 24.—Joseph Yess was brutally beaten and robbed by thugs Wednesday night.

DEATH PENALTY IS IMPOSED ON ELMER JOHNSON

PITTSBURG, March 24.—Sentence of death was imposed on Elmer C. Johnson, Fayette county youth, and his two companions, were given prison terms in criminal court for their part in the murder of James Krache, garage owner, in Penn township, about a year ago.

Joe Villano was sentenced to serve 15 to 20 years in the Western Penitentiary and Paul Agresti was given from five to 10 years in the same institution. Villano and Agresti were convicted of second degree murder.

District Attorney Samuel H. Gardner approved the motion by counsel for Agresti that the fact he testified for the Commonwealth should be taken into consideration in determining his sentence. Imposition of the sentences was witnessed by a class of students from the Swissvale High School.

Krache was killed on the night of February 19, 1932, Commonwealth witness introduced at the trial was to the effect that Agresti watched the road outside the garage while Johnson and Villano went inside and attempted to rob Krache. Krache was killed by a bullet from a revolver when he reached for a gun. The three youths escaped in an automobile and were later arrested at Uniontown. Johnson and Villano claimed that Krache was shot in self defense.

Johnson formerly lived about Conneltsville.

LLOYD U. DICK, BANKER, DIES AT GREENSBURG

GREENSBURG, March 23.—Lloyd U. Dick, banker, died at his home, West Newton avenue, Thursday afternoon, from a complication of diseases. Mr. Dick had been in ill health for several months. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. David M. Dick, of Colorado; two brothers, Mungo M. Dick of Colorado and James A. Dick of El Paso, Tex.; and two sisters, Mrs. Laura Sankey of Trinidad, Colo., and Mrs. Lucetta A. Dick, residing with her mother in Colorado. Three children, Miss Olga L. Dick, Mrs. Irene Fisher and Miss Eleanor Dick, and his widow Mrs. Pamela N. Dick.

Mr. Dick had been a resident of Greensburg since 1909 when he was elected county treasurer. He looked after the finances of the county during the years 1909, 1910 and 1911.

Prior to coming to Greensburg Mr. Dick with his family had resided at West Newton, where he was in the banking business. After his term of office as county treasurer had expired Mr. Dick was instrumental in organizing the First National Bank at Hermitage, of which he was cashier until his death.

ADAM OHLER DIES OF PNEUMONIA AT HOME AT BEAR RUN

Adam Ohler, 59 years old, farmer and contractor of Stewart township, died Thursday at his home near Bear Run of pneumonia after an illness of four weeks. Mr. Ohler had lived the greater part of his life in the Bear Run community. He was born in 1873 in Springdale township, a son of Joseph and Charlotte Phillip Ohler. For many years Mr. Ohler was engaged in the construction of houses, barns and bridges. The remainder of his time was given over to farming. He was a member of the Grange at Still Run. In religion he adhered to the Church of the Brethren, being a member of that congregation formed recently at Bear Run. Surviving are his wife, who was Lucinda Shipley, and four sons and five daughters: Charles of Stewart, Jacob, Herbert and Addison of Bear Run, Mrs. Agnes Brokner of Johnstown, Mrs. A. J. Leighty and Mrs. H. J. Wilson of Scottdale and Misses Nevada and Gladys Ohler at home; also four brothers, William M. John, Levi and Peter Ohler of Bear Run, and a sister, Mrs. Alice Hudson of South Conneltsville.

Granite Memorial To Be Erected for Rev. John T. Burns

The congregation of the Immaculate Conception Church has ordered a handsome granite monument to be erected for the late Rev. Father John T. Burns, in commemoration of the 25 years he served as pastor of the local church. The blocks are now being cut in Vermont.

This monument will be on a suitable lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. The spot selected is on a raised point and the monument will be seen by both those passing on the highway and visitors to the cemetery.

The monument will be a symbol of the crucifixion in the Latin design, consisting of three massive blocks of granite as a base for the 12-foot cross. A life-size statue of Jesus Christ will be carved soft to the cross.

Estate Left Widow.
SONERSET, March 23.—The will of Alexander Downie, late of Summit township, was probated March 20. He bequeathed his estate, real and personal, to his widow, Lillie Downie, except whose death the same shall be divided in equal shares among his children. William Downie is appointed executor. The will was dated November 12, 1918, and witnessed by Grace Hoover and Robert Cook.

Grim Reaper

REV. SAMUEL B. HOUSTON.
The body of Rev. Samuel Bigger Houston, former pastor of the Covenant Church, Greenwood, who died at his home in Columbus City, Ia., was

Coal Freight Rates EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1932.

EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1922.

TO EASTERN PORTS. ORIGINATING DISTRICT Rate per Gross Ton of 2,240 lbs. Conneltsville Westmoreland

	Pittsburg	Fairmont	Greensburg	Latrobe
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Baltimore, Md. (Trans. Del.)	2.24	3.05	2.94	2.84
Chester, Pa. (P. R. R.)	2.24	3.05	2.94	2.84
Chester, Pa. (N. Y. & P. R.)	2.24	3.05	2.94	2.84
Harrisburg, Pa. (P. R. R. & P. R.)	2.73	2.68	2.44	2.33
Johnstown, Pa. (B. & O.)	1.49	1.89		
Johnstown, Pa. (P. R. R.)	1.84	1.64		
Lebanon, Pa. (P. R. R. & P. R.)	2.33	2.16	2.81	2.71
New York, N. Y. (35th St.)	2.69	3.34	2.12	2.09
New York, N. Y. (Whelan)	2.62	2.47	2.32	2.22
Philadelphia, Pa. (N. Y. & P. R.)	2.24	2.09	2.84	2.74
Scranton, Pa. (P. R. R.)	2.24	2.09	2.84	2.74
Stouffville, Pa. (P. R. R.)	2.72	2.58	2.43	2.32
South Bethlehem, Pa. (P. R. R.)	2.24	2.21	2.06	2.02
Syracuse, N. Y. (N. Y. & P. R.)	2.24	2.21	2.06	2.02
TO ATLANTIC PORTS VIA P. R. R.				
Greensburg, local	2.24	2.05	2.94	2.84
Greensburg, export	2.12	2.17	2.42	2.32
South Amboy, P. O. B. vessels	2.14	2.59	2.44	2.74
Marasmus Cove	2.29	2.64	2.89	2.79
Greenville, local	2.19	2.04	2.84	2.74
Carters, local	2.24	2.09	2.84	2.74
Carters, export	2.06	2.49	2.26	2.12
TO ATLANTIC PORTS VIA B. & O.				
St. George, local	2.34	2.34		
Artington and St. George Piers	2.29	2.39		
Philadelphia, P. & R. within Capes	2.34	2.34		
Philadelphia, P. & R. without Capes	2.57	2.57		
Carters Bay and Balto. Piers, with in Capes	2.34	2.34		
Carters Bay and Balto. Piers, without Capes	2.50	2.50		

*These rates from points on the Monongahela Railway in the Fairmont group south of the Pennsylvania State line to Johnstown is \$1.78 per net ton. Rates to Johnstown from Greensburg and Latrobe groups apply specifically from point of origin to destination.

The Conneltsville rate applies to shipments from points on the Southwest Branch of the Pennsylvania railroad south of Ruffsdale; from points on the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston and points on the Monongahela River railroad.

The Fairmont rate on shipments via the Baltimore & Ohio applies to shipments from points east of Sutersville, Pa.; from points on the Smithfield & Masons Run Branch and from the Fairmont Region of West Virginia.

ORIGINATING DISTRICT.

TO WESTERN PORTS.	Pittsburg	Upper Cville	Lower Cville
Rate per Net Ton of 2,000 lbs.	(1)	(2)	(3)
Chicago, Ill.	\$1.59	\$1.66	\$1.66
Cleveland, O.	1.54	1.54	1.54
Columbus, O.	1.54	1.54	1.54
Detroit, Mich.	1.54	1.54	1.54
Indianapolis, Ind.	1.54	1.54	1.54
Toledo, O.	1.54	1.54	1.54
Youngstown, O.	1.54	1.54	1.54
Lake Erie	1.54	1.54	1.54
TO CANADIAN BASING POINTS:			
Buffalo, N. Y.	2.24	2.19	2.19
Port Huron, Mich.	2.24	2.19	2.19

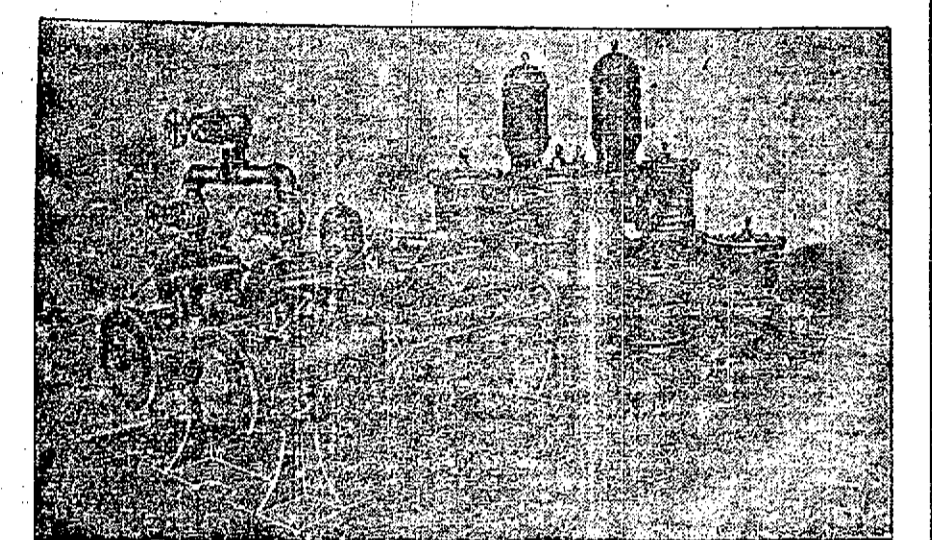
These rates apply in a general way to shipments from the territory described. There are, however, numerous extensions to the general rates quoted and in each case before applying the rate as a basis for freight charges the shipper or consignee should determine the exact location of the mine from which the business will move, then refer to the Tariff covering the rate in question.

The Pittsburgh District includes points as far as Latrobe and south on the Southwest Branch to and including Ruffsdale; south to, but not including Brownsville on the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston railroad; eastward to Dawson on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad; and eastward to Dickerson Run and southwest to and including Brownsville on the New York Central line.

The Conneltsville District includes points on the Southwest Branch of the Pennsylvania railroad south of Ruffsdale; on the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston except Brownsville and all Monongahela River railroad points; New York Central points east of Dickerson Run, including Conneltsville Transfer, and points on the Baltimore & Ohio, Dawson to Point Marion, Pa.

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